The list on the right side shown available control functions of EM- versatile series BLDC drivers. These functions can be set and adjusted with parameter, which can set with EM-236A , EM328 or Rs-485

The default parameters are select so that driver can be used only with potentiometer. When you get motor run well with potentiometer control then you could try other control combination. Below has shown few examples, we hope that these helps you find right setting for your own application.

Meaning of markings

- "0" = input is open or 0-1V
- "1" = input is 4-30V

"0->1" = input change low to high

"1->0" = input change high to low

"free" means that Power stage set as open circuit and motor do not resist rotation

- SPEED Analog speed signal input, range adj. with par. 6 and 7. max. range is 0-10V if input 0-50mV then speed = 0, with values over 50mV = speed setting
- TORQUE Analog torque signal input, can be activated with par. 13 range 0-5V Value < 100mV will set speed adjust = 0 (stop)

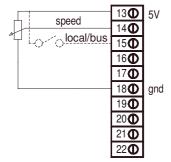
START/STOP "0->1" starts , if this is "0" or "open" then stop and keep stopped. LOCAL/ BUS this selects control source, default set is LOCAL, par 11=0

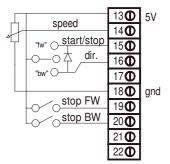
IMPULSE MODE "0->1" impulse starts or stops Pin 15 starts FW and pin 16 starts BW (start fw-bw / stop) but if the motor already is running, either "0-1" impulse will stop.

STOP	"0->1" stops, but "1" not prevent new start
STOP FW	"1" stop and disable run FORWARD
STOP BW	"1"stop and disaple run BACKWARD

- DISABLE/RES "1" stops motor and set the power stage to "free" as long as "1". Also "0-1" reset I-trip alarm. When this command set back to "0", then the motor will start to the set speed value.
- DIRECTION. Changes rotation direction. "0 " = FORWARD and "1" = REVERSE. The change "0->1" or "1->0" will change direction via with stop and start ramps, After safety stop or end stop, changing this causes a start
- SAFETY STOP Safety switch input, "1->0" will stop the motor and set the power stage to "free". New start is possible only opposite direction
- SPEED-2 "1" activates preset speed which is set with par. 13

POWER ON MODE This defines the state when power switch on, In disable mode driver will not start directly, This can be set with par. 15





	13 0	5V
speed	14 0	
start/stop	15 Ф	
direction	16 Ф	
	17 Ф	
	18 0	gnd
speed 2	19 0	
stop	20 Ф	
	21 0	
	22 0	

Start up mode (with default par. settings)

Par. 11 = 0 (pin 15) Par. 13 = 50 (pin 19) Par. 20 = 0 (pin 20)

Local/bus switch is not neccessary. Switch open means local

Also signal 0-5 or 0-10 V can be used for speed setting to pin 14

Par. 11 = 3	(pin 15)
Par. 13 = 2	(pin 19)
Par. 20 = 4	(pin 20)

Speed input range adjustment can be done with par. 6 & 7

Also signal 0-5 or 0-10 V can be used for speed setting to pin 14

Instead of diode there can be used two pole switch for BW dir. to give start signal

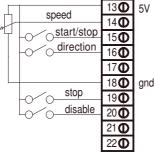
Two speed mode

i 15) i 19) i 20)
,

Speed-2 is set with with par. 13 (35%)

Speed adjustment with par. 6 and 7

if link pin 13 to 14 will removed then speed setting is available with signal or potentiometer to pin 14



Basic Local mode

Par. 11 = 3	(pin 15
Par. 13 = 1	(pin 19 (pin 20
Par. 20 = 0	(pin 20

Speed input range adjustment can be done with par. 6 & 7

For pins 19 and 20 can be selected different functions with par 13 and 20.

Torque adjust mode

Par. 11 = 3	(pin 15)
Par. 13 = 0	(pin 19)
Par. 20 = 2	(pin 20)

Speed input scaling with par 6 & 7

Torque input scale 0-5V

If wanted to use torque adjust only then pin 13 and 14 can be linked and leave potentiometer away

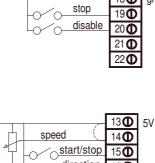
Two speed mode opt. 2

 $\begin{array}{l} Par. \ 11 = 6 \quad (\ pin \ 15 \) \\ Par. \ 13 = 50 \quad (\ pin \ 19 \) \\ Par. \ 20 = 3 \quad (\ pin \ 20 \) \end{array}$

Speed setting with par. 6 & 7

Speed-2 setting with with par. 13 In this example Speed-2 is 50%

when pin 15 is not set to start/stop, then speed input can be used for start up



O direction

stop

_____speed

<u>stop BW</u>

direction

_____speed-2

ostop FW

 \sim

ł

"I-lim

"start

"dir.'

 $\overline{}$

torque

 \cap

16**①**

17**0**

18**0**

19**0**

20**0**

21**0**

22**0**

13**0** 5V

14**0**

15**0**

16**0**

17**Ф** 18**Ф**

19**①**

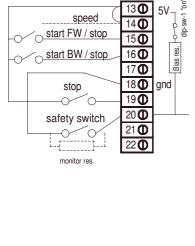
20

21

22**0**

gnd

gnd



Impulse mode

Par. 11 = 5 (pin 15 and 16) Par. 13 = 1 (pin 19) Par. 20 = 1 (pin 20)

Speed setting with par 6 & 7

if link pin 13 to 14 will removed then analog speed setting is available

Bus control with Local

Local or Bus selection

Pins 19 and 20 are active

For BW start can be used

two pole switch or auxliary

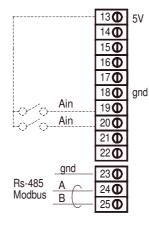
diode from dir. input to

with input pin 15

also in Bus mode

2- Button back up

In safety switch mode pin 20 has line monitor feature. Bias res. 1.5k switched on with dip-sw-1 Monitor res. recom. 1-4kohm

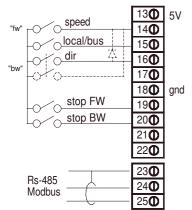


Basic Bus control

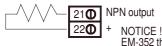
Par. 11 = 2	(pin 15)
Par. 13 = 4 (1,2, or 3)	(pin 19)
Par. 20 = 5 (0,1,2, 3 or	4) (pin 20)

Full control with Bus.

Input 19 and 20 is set to work as read only input. But it is also possible to set these inputs work as functional inputs. like stop, disable or end stops, then these are active also during Bus control.



BRAKE OUTPUT



NOTICE ! EM-352 the brake resistor between pin 1 and 3

speed input

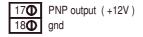
Braking resistor mode

Brake out is NPN power out. it can be used to switch on braking resistor if voltage will rise too high as a result of regeneration, for example when motor slowing down. Recommended resistor type is wirewound and power rate of resistor can be typically 10-50% of motor power.

This mode can be activated with set par. 19 = 0 or 1. The threshold voltage adjust with parameter 18, and the value could be 10-20% higher than idle voltage of used power supply. For example unregulated power supply voltage is 27V, then parameter 18 could be 32. This means that Braking resistor will activate if voltage exceed 32V

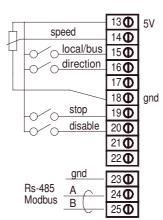
Notice! if your power source is battery then you should not need braking resistor because the battery can be absorbed the braking energy.

FAULT OUTPUT



This output is PNP signal output. The output levels are 5V or 12V and this can be selected with dip switch 4 The output can be used to give signal for PLC or indicator light. max. output current is 20mA

The indication combinations can be defined with parameters 16 and 17. The special mode is pulse output when it gives revolution pulses .



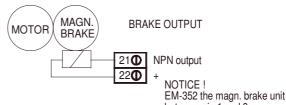
Bus control with Local back up

 $\begin{array}{l} Par. \ 11 = 0/1 \quad (\ pin \ 15 \) \\ Par. \ 13 = \ 1 \quad (\ pin \ 19 \) \\ Par. \ 20 = \ 0 \quad (\ pin \ 20 \) \end{array}$

Local or Bus selection with input pin 15

Local speed input scaling with par. 6 & 7

Pins 19 and 20 are active also in Bus mode



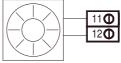
Magnetic brake mode

If motor has integrated magnetic brake module, then the brake output can be used to control brake unit. When motor start up the output will switch on and it releases the brake. This output switch off and return the brake when motor will stop. The driver counts the incoming hall-pulses and this way it can see when motor is actually stopped.

This mode can be activated with set par 19 = 2 and 3



NOTICE ! EM-352 the fan NPN output is pin 2



(+12V) NPN output max. 100mA.

between pin 1 and 3

This output turns on automatically if the temperature of board will exceed 55 $^\circ\!C$ and turns off if temperature goes down 50 $^\circ\!C$

The fan recommendation 40x40mm, 12V max. 1.2W fastening to heat sink with M3 self tapping screws. and blowing direction toward heat sink.